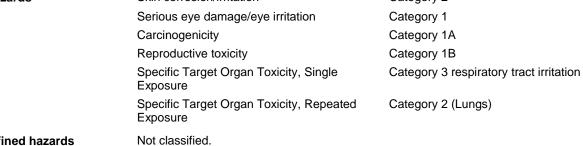


SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Rapid Set TRU SP Self-Leveling		
Other means of identification			
Product code	180010050		
Recommended use	Industrial use.		
Recommended restrictions	Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information		
Company name	CTS Cement Manufacturing Corporation		
Address	12442 Knott St		
	Garden Grove, CA 92841		
	United States		
Telephone	1-800-929-3030		
E-mail	info@ctscement.com		
Contact person	Safety Officer 1-800-929-3030 (8 AM - 5 PM)		
Emergency telephone number	1-800-929-3030 (8 AM - 3 FM)		
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Not classified.		
Health Hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1	
	0		



OSHA defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	Keep container tightly closed and store in a dry location.

classified (HNOC) 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise

Mixtures Chemical name		CAS number	%
Calcium Sulfoaluminate Cement		960375-09-1	20-50
Silica, quartz		14808-60-7	40-60
Amorphous Silica; Silica dioxide		61790-53-2	10-18
Limestone		1317-65-3	0.1-8
Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime		1305-62-0	0.1-3
Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate		7778-18-9	0.1-3
Lithium Carbonate		554-13-2	<1
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight percent by volume.	unless ingredient is a gas. Gas	s concentrations are in
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	If dust from the material is inhaled, remove physician if symptoms develop or persist.	the affected person immediate	ly to fresh air. Call a
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with medical advice/attention. Wash contaminat		in irritation occurs: Get
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.		
Ingestion	Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Call an ambulance and take these instructions Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Coughing. Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. Skin irritation.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.		
General information	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Sho this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.		
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Ca	rbon dioxide (CO2).	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as	this will spread the fire.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may	be formed.	
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full	protective clothing must be wo	orn in case of fire.
Fire fighting	Move containers from fire area if you can do	o so without risk	

equipment/instructions Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. **General fire hazards**

Rapid Set TRU SP Self Leveling

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. If sweeping of a contaminated area is necessary use a dust suppressant agent which does not react with the product. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or water courses.	
7. Handling and storage Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.	
Conditions for safe storage,	Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Keep container tightly closed and store in a dry location. Store away from incompatible materials	
including any incompatibilities	(see Section 10 of the SDS).	
8. Exposure controls/personal protection		
Occupational exposure limits		

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре		Value	Form
Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	PEL		5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime (CAS 1305-62-0)	PEL		15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL		15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.10	00)			
Components	Туре		Value	Form
Amorphous Silica; Silica dioxide (CAS 61790-53-2)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3		
Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA		20 mppcf 0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
14000-00-7)			0.1 mg/m3 2.4 mppcf	Respirable. Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре		Value	Form
Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.	TWA 5 mg/m3
Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime (CAS 1305-62-0) Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA		0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical	l Hazards			
Components	Туре		Value	Form
Amorphous Silica; Silica dioxide (CAS 61790-53-2)	REL		6 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	Form
	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		10 mg/m3	Total
Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime (CAS 1305-62-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
ological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for	the ingredient(s).	
posure guidelines	Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.		
ppropriate engineering ntrols	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling or thermal processing. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.		
dividual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment	nt	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses or safety goggles	unless full face respirator is i	n use.
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.		
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.		
Respiratory protection	Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.		
eneral hygiene nsiderations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Color	Gray.
Odor	Low.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	11 – 12 when wet
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling	Not applicable.
range	
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non combustible.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit – lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit – upper (%)	Not applicable.

Vapor pressure	Not applicable.		
Vapor density	Not applicable.		
Relative density	2.98 @ 20°C		
Solubility(ies) Solubility (water)	Not available.		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperat	ure Not applicable.		
Decomposition temper	rature 2462 °F (1350 °C)		
Viscosity	Not applicable.		
Other information			
Bulk density	60 lb/ft ³		
Partition coefficier (oil/water)	nt Not applicable.		
VOC (Weight %)	8 g/l when mixed with water		
10. Stability and re	eactivity		
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.		
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.		
Possibility of hazardou reactions	Is No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.		

Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products	Powerful oxidizers. Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides. Silicium oxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

internation on intery routes of e	
Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Ingestion	Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Coughing. Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. Skin irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May cause respiratory irritation.		
Components	Species	Test Results	
Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7	778-18-9)		
Acute			
Inhalation LC50	Rat	> 3.26 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral LD50	Mouse	4704 mg/kg	
	Rat	> 1581 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization			
Respiratory sensitization	No data available.		
Skin sensitization	No data available.		

Germ cell mutagenicity		oduct or any components present at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity	 No data available to indicate product of any components present at greater than 0.178 are mutagenic or genotoxic. May cause cancer. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is guificient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk" (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. 	
IARC Monographs. Overall I	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Amorphous Silica; Silica Silica, quartz (CAS 14808 NTP Report on Carcinogens		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Silica, quartz (CAS 14808		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.10	
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unb May cause respiratory irritation	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs ((Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the	product it is not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged or repeated exposur disorders if contact is repeated	e may cause lung injury, including silicosis. May cause skin or prolonged.
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity		environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the
-	possibility that large or frequen	t spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the deg	radability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects		al effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation global warming potential) are expected from this component.
13. Disposal consideration	IS	
Disposal instructions		n sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose ance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all	
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assignate the waste disposal company.	gned in discussion between the user, the producer and the
Waste from residues / unused products	product residues. This material Disposal instructions).	ocal regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:
Contaminated packaging		ten to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is
14. Transport information		
DOT		

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Amorphous Silica; Silica dioxide (CAS 61790-53-2) Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9) Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime (CAS 1305-62-0) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Lithium Carbonate (CAS 554-13-2) Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Amorphous Silica; Silica dioxide (CAS 61790-53-2) Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9) Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime (CAS 1305-62-0) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Lithium Carbonate (CAS 554-13-2) Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Amorphous Silica; Silica dioxide (CAS 61790-53-2) Anhydrous Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9) Calcium Hydroxide; Slaked Lime; Hydrated Lime (CAS 1305-62-0) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Lithium Carbonate (CAS 554-13-2)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Lithium Carbonate (CAS 554-13-2) Silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

On inventory (yes/no)* Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	20-November-2018
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0
Disclaimer	CTS Cement Manufacturing Corporation cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.